

# **MOU Partner Handbook**

## for HIV/STI Testing and Prevention

Version 1.0 Updated: April 2024 Thank you so much for partnering with the STD/HIV/Hepatitis Program and for offering HIV/STI testing opportunities to communities across the State of Louisiana! This handbook is intended to be used as both an onboarding and reference guide as your clinic or organization moves forward with providing HIV/STI testing.

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# Partnership Maintenance Requirements (to remain in compliance as a SHHP Partner) – A Checklist

□ Maintain Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) or Similar Agreement as an Official SHHP Partner

- 1. If MOU has expired and SHHP staff has not yet reached out about renewing the agreement:
  - Contact Statewide Testing Coordinator (Testing Coordinator) to initiate renewal process
- 2. Review drafted MOU received from Testing Coordinator
  - Elevate any questions or concerns that there may be regarding the MOU
- 3. Have agency's Designated Signatory (authorized to sign legal documents on behalf of the agency) sign
- 4. Return signed MOU to Testing Coordinator

>>>> FOR THOSE THAT DO NOT PROVIDE ON-SITE CONFIRMATORY OR LAB-BASED TESTING AND TREATMENT <<<<<

□ Ensure that a Linkage to Care MOU or formal agreement is established (if not already in place) and *maintained* with a partnering clinic for referrals to confirmatory testing and linkage to treatment. An up-to-date copy of the agreement should always be provided to SHHP's Statewide Testing Supervisor and/or your Regional Prevention Coordinator.

□ Quality Assurance (QA) Coordinator Maintained

- 1. If no one is certified for rapid testing .... Reach out to your Regional Coordinator (RC) or Capacity Building (CB) staff to schedule a training on applicable testing technologies and to receive a Counselor/Worker ID
  - □ Inform CB team of staff member(s) that will be designated as QA Coordinator(s) when scheduling training
- If someone is already certified for rapid testing... Complete and submit a QA Coordinator Designation form and inform your RC if additional training on SHHP's QA processes is needed.
- If/when a QA Coordinator position is vacated---assign someone else as the QA Coordinator and complete and submit a QA Coordinator Designation Form to Testing Coordinator and Regional Coordinator
- □ CLIA Certificate Maintained/Active
- □ Training completed for any new staff who is *not* already assigned a worker/counselor ID in SHHP's system or for any additional/new testing technologies added for agency to access and use
  - 1. Clinical training (MD, RN, MA, LPN, CNA, etc. anyone holding a medical license) (only offered online, moving to in person in May)
  - 2. Non-clinical/CTRS training
  - 3. State Lab training/onboarding, if applicable (Statewide Testing Supervisor can advise on this)

□ Site Registration(s) and **Site ID** assignments received and maintained for *every* site/location where rapid testing is provided---this number, along with your **Agency ID** is very important and needs to be

easily accessible by <u>all</u> staff involved with testing.

 $\Box$  Properly complete and maintain Quality Assurance Testing Forms and Logs

□ Submit control kit logs to Testing Coordinator on a quarterly basis

□ Report *all* testing data to SHHP

- Send in data on a <u>monthly basis</u> (sites that report electronically)
   OR Send in data on a <u>weekly basis at minimum</u> for those sites who use paper forms\*
   \*Paper Forms include both Part-1 and LINCT Forms
   \*Refer to protocols for proper paperwork instructions especially for positive/reactive tests
- 2. Review bi-annual (twice a year) testing, LTC, and treatment data reports received from SHHP. Provide feedback and information requested by SHHP to resolve any observed gaps and to help improve SHHP's systems.

## SHHP MOU/Contract Monitoring Protocol

*All* of SHHP's partnerships will be monitored and evaluated on several key factors:

- Whether or not testing is being conducted at partner sites
- Submission of testing paperwork/data to SHHP
  - Ratio of testing data received at SHHP to testing supplies provided (supply utilization) will be evaluated to facilitate this assessment
- Completion and maintenance of Quality Assurance (QA) forms and logs
- Adherence to QA Protocols for Rapid HIV, HCV, and Syphilis Testing
- Provision of Quality Assurance oversight from a designated QA Coordinator
- Ability to reach priority populations as defined by the CDC for HIV and STIs
- Successful linkages to care and treatment
- Whether or not overall testing, linkage to care, and treatment activities at partner sites are in alignment with SHHP's grants/funding requirements

Routine performance data will be collected and reviewed by SHHP's Regional Prevention Coordinator Supervisor, Regional Coordinator, Prevention Data Manager, Statewide Testing Supervisor, and Statewide Testing Coordinator on a bi-annual basis, at minimum. In-person site visits and virtual paperwork audits will also be completed to provide technical assistance and feedback for quality assurance. More frequent and recurring monitoring practices may be implemented as needed in order to improve performance and uphold partnership obligations as outlined in the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) or other agreement. Partners are always encouraged to participate in HIV/STI Awareness Days and other occasions (National HIV Testing Day, World AIDS Day, etc.) by hosting testing or recruitment events.

A monitoring report will be provided to the partner on a biannual basis at minimum which will reflect:

- Data collection and analytics
- Testing activities (for all contracted tests)
- Positivity rates
- Linkage to care rates

- Priority population/community engagement data
- Supply utilization
- Evaluation narrative to provide insights/concerns about testing activities

Failure to adhere to sufficient standards of maintaining partnership may result in the enforcement of a Corrective Technical Assistance Plan (CTAP) in order to provide technical assistance and monitoring to agencies out of compliance with contract objectives.

An agency placed on CTAP will receive a written notice of specific areas of programmatic and/or administrative weakness, in addition to a technical assistance plan with specific recommendations outlining steps to improve areas cited. Follow-up technical assistance site visits will be conducted in order to assess the agency's ability to resolve deficiencies. Agencies that do not resolve or adequately address deficiencies may jeopardize future partnership opportunities with SHHP.



## Office of Public Health (OPH) STD/HIV/Hepatitis Program (SHHP)

## QUALITY ASSURANCE (QA) PROTOCOLS FOR RAPID HIV, HEPATITIS C, & SYPHILIS TESTING IN HEALTHCARE SETTINGS

## **<u>I. DESCRIPTION OF INTERVENTION - RAPID TESTING IN HEALTHCARE SETTINGS</u>**

Rapid HIV, HCV, and Syphilis screening in healthcare settings is a public health intervention intended to increase awareness of one's health status, in general, and to identify undiagnosed individuals (including pregnant people) living with these STIs. The primary goal is to increase the percentage of people who are aware of their HIV, HCV, and syphilis statuses. Further, screening programs should make *every* effort to link persons diagnosed with an STI to treatment and prevention services. This protocol is based, in part, on the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's *Revised Recommendations for HIV Testing of Adults, Adolescents, and Pregnant Women in Health-Care Settings* (MMWR 2006; 55 (No. RR-14): [1-17]) and is intended to serve as guidance for healthcare settings partnering with, or supported by, the Louisiana Office of Public Health STD/HIV/Hepatitis Program (SHHP) to implement rapid testing as part of their routine medical service delivery. In the ideal situation, rapid testing should be conducted utilizing a rapid HIV, HCV, and syphilis test so that patients will receive their test results during their initial visit to the healthcare site; allowing those patients who have a preliminary positive test result to be immediately linked into clinical and prevention services.

## 1. General Principles of HIV Screening:

- All patients between the ages of 13 and 65 should be screened for HIV at least one time after the patient is notified that testing will be performed and unless the patient declines (opt-out screening).
- Persons who are increased risk of acquiring HIV should be screened for HIV at least annually.
- Current Louisiana law does not require written consent for HIV testing but patients should be notified that HIV testing will be part of their medical care and given information about HIV testing and transmission. General consent for medical services is considered sufficient to encompass consent for HIV testing.
- HIV prevention counseling is not required with HIV diagnostic testing or as part of HIV screening programs in healthcare settings but patients who are interested should be offered or referred to prevention counseling services and all patients should have an opportunity to ask questions about HIV testing and how the virus can be transmitted.

## 2. General Principles of HCV Screening:

- Any person who requests hepatitis C testing should receive it, regardless of disclosure of risk
- Hepatitis C screening at least once in a lifetime for all adults aged 18 years and older, except in settings where the prevalence of HCV infection (HCV RNA- positive/detected) is less than 0.1%
- Hepatitis C testing for all pregnant people during each pregnancy, except in settings where the prevalence of HCV infection (HCV RNA- positive/detected) is less than 0.1%
- One- time hepatitis C testing regardless of age or setting prevalence among people with recognized conditions or exposures:
  - i. People with HIV
  - ii. People who ever injected drugs and shared needles, syringes, or other drug preparation equipment, including those who injected once or a few times many years ago
  - iii. People with selected medical conditions, including:
  - iv. people who ever received maintenance hemodialysis
  - v. people with persistently abnormal ALT levels
  - vi. Prior recipients of transfusions or organ transplants, including:
    - a. people who received clotting factor concentrates produced before 1987
    - b. people who received a transfusion of blood or blood components before July 1992
    - c. people who received an organ transplant before July 1992
    - d. people who were notified that they received blood from a donor who later tested positive for HCV infection
  - vii. Health care, emergency medical, and public safety personnel after needle sticks, sharps, or mucosal exposures to HCV- positive blood
  - viii. Children born to mothers with HCV infection
- All patients who are interested should be offered or referred to prevention counseling services and all patients should have an opportunity to ask questions about HCV testing and how the virus can be transmitted or acquired.

## 3. General Principles of Syphilis Screening:

- Screen asymptomatic adults at increased risk (history of incarceration or transactional sex work, geography, race/ethnicity, and males younger than 29 years) for syphilis infection
- Gay and bisexual men, if sexually active, should be screened at least annually or every 3 to 6 months if at increased risk
- People of trans experience should be screened at least annually based on reported sexual behaviors and exposure
- People living with HIV who are sexually active should be screened for syphilis at first HIV evaluation and *at least* annually after
- All patients who are interested should be offered or referred to prevention counseling services and all patients should have an opportunity to ask questions about HCV testing and how the virus can be transmitted or acquired.

## 4. Principles of HIV, HCV, and Syphilis Screening for Pregnant Patients:

- 1. HIV screening should be included in the routine panel of prenatal screening tests for all pregnant patients.
- 2. All pregnant patients should be screened for HIV after the patient is notified that testing will be performed unless the patient declines (opt-out screening).
- Current Louisiana law does not require written consent for HIV testing but patients should be notified that HIV testing will be part of their medical care and given information about HIV testing and transmission. General consent for medical services is considered sufficient to encompass consent for HIV testing.
- Repeat screening in the third trimester is recommended in areas of the state with elevated rates of HIV among pregnant patients (see SHHP annual and quarterly surveillance reports). https://www.louisianahealthhub.org/data-reporting/

## **\*\*Consider age before testing patients**\*\*

- 1. HIV testing supported through partnering with SHHP can be offered to individuals age 13 and older without parental consent parents must be present and give consent before any child age 12 or younger is tested for HIV except in cases of suspected perinatal HIV exposure when the mother will not consent for an HIV test in accordance with Louisianan HIV testing laws.
- 2. Rapid Hepatitis C testing can be offered to individuals age 15 and older without parental consent.
- **3.** Rapid **syphilis** testing can be offered to individuals age 13 and older.

Additionally, healthcare test sites should always verify the appropriate age range approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) when conducting any rapid test. Age limitations will be covered during the testing staff's training provided by SHHP and are also listed in the manufacturers' instructions, which are included in each box of rapid test kits

## **II. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR TESTING ACROSS HEALTHCARE SITES**

- 1. Establish Appropriate Testing Area(s): Rapid testing must also be conducted in locations that will assure optimal accurate processing and reading of each test. All rapid test sites must provide adequate lighting, temperature control, testing surface, confidentiality, and counseling area(s).
- 2. Register All Rapid Testing Locations: Healthcare testing sites must register both fixed and mobile sites through the SHHP Testing Supervisor using the Site Registration Form (see Attachment 2). SHHP's Regional Prevention Coordinator will visit each potential site to determine if it is appropriate for screening activities. SHHP will assign a unique site number for rapid testing back to the requesting site once the registration process is complete. OPH Parish Health Units have already been registered with SHHP.
- 3. **Register Rapid Testing with CLIA:** Each testing site is required to obtain a Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA) certificate of waiver to conduct waived rapid HIV antibody testing or add the specific rapid test(s) that will be used to the site's current CLIA registry. The OPH Parish Health Units have already been registered to operate under SHHP's CLIA Waiver Certificate and do not need to take any additional steps to be in compliance with CLIA requirements.
- 4. Use CLIA Waived Rapid Tests: SHHP recommends the use of (and in some cases may provide) rapid HIV/HCV/syphilis antibody tests that have been classified as "CLIA waived" tests. CLIA deems waived tests as being easy to use and the possibility of obtaining inaccurate results is

very small. Additionally, CLIA-waived tests can be administered and results given at the point of care for patients (during intake, in the examination room, etc.), which will increase the likelihood that patients will accept HIV screening as a part of their routine health care.

- 5. Maintain Appropriate Supplies: Healthcare test sites may be supplied with the Determine, Sure Check, INSTI, OraQuick HCV and/or Syphilis Health Check rapid testing devices – all technologies are single-use, qualitative immunoassays to detect antibodies to HIV, Hepatitis C, and Syphilis. Not all sites are approved for all of tests. Each site must obtain approval and receive training from OPH SHHP for each rapid test utilized. Rapid syphilis and hepatitis C testing is strongly encouraged to be conducted in conjunction with rapid HIV screening for approved sites. All test sites must develop a system to oversee the appropriate storage of test kits, reagents, and controls as required by the manufacturer and to ensure that, when outdated, they are properly disposed of. Proper maintenance of test kits, reagents, and controls include following appropriate temperature ranges for each corresponding test. Please reference Attachment 11 for allowable temperature ranges.
  - Each Sure Check HIV ½ kit pouch (single test) consists of:
    - One single-use Test Device with a Test Strip inside
    - One Buffer Cap attached to sampler (~350µL)
    - One sterile safety lancet
    - One Bandage
    - One Desiccant Packet

Also provided in each box of Sure Check tests:

- One Product Insert for the Chembio SURE CHECK HIV1/2 assay
- 25 copies of Subject Information Notice
- 25 disposable test stands

### Sure Check Pamphlet PDF:

https://cliawaived.com/amfile/file/download/file/550/product/5377/

- Each INSTI HIV-1/HIV-2 Antibody Test kit foil pouch (single test) consists of:
  - A single-use testing device
  - Three vials of solution
  - A single-use safety lancet
  - Specimen Collection Capillary pipette with 50ul fill line
  - A single use 70% Isoproply Alcohol Swab

INSTI Pamphlet PDF: <u>https://www.fda.gov/media/79719/download</u>

- Each Syphilis Health Check (SHC) box consists of:
  - SYPHILIS HEALTH CHECK test devices: 20
  - Disposable plastic fixed volume (50µl) pipettes: 20
  - Diluent in a dropper bottle containing saline buffer, detergent and sodium azide (NaN3, 0.1%): 5 mL

• Package insert

Syphilis Health Check Pamphlet PDF:

https://www.diagnosticsdirect2u.com/downloadmanager/download.aspx?id=1

- Each OraQuick HCV Rapid Antibody Test Kit divided pouch (single test) consists of: •
  - One single use test device
  - An absorbent packet
  - One single use developer solution vial

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Also provided in each box of OraQuick HCV tests:

- Disposable single use specimen collection loops
- o Reusable test stands
- One package insert OraQuick

Pamphlet PDF:

https://orasure.com/documents/products/hcv/package\_inserts/3001-1530-OraQuick\_HCV\_PI\_US-ENG.pdf

- Each box of **Determine HIV-1/2 Antigen/Antibody Combo tests** consist of:
  - Aluminum ziplock pouch containing Alere Determine<sup>™</sup> HIV-1/2 Ag/Ab Combo Cards Each Card consists of 5 or 10. Test Units which can be separated from each other by tearing along the perforated lines.
  - A Desiccant Package
  - Chase Buffer: 1 in the 25 Test Units kit, 2 in the 100 Test Units kit. Containing sodium chloride, disodium hydrogen phosphate, and Nipasept as a preservative.
  - o Quick Reference Card
  - Package Insert
  - Subject Information Notices: 25
  - Customer Letter
  - o Disposable Capillary Tubes: For collection and transfer of fingerstick samples: 25
  - Disposable workstations: 25

Determine pamphlet PDF:

https://www.fishersci.com/content/dam/fishersci/en\_US/documents/programs/healthcare /technical-documents/instruction-sheets/alere-determine-package-insert-instructions.pdf

- Additional supplies needed:
  - o Determine, Sure Check, INSTI, OraQuick HCV, or Syphilis Health Check control sets
  - o Disposable absorbent workspace covers
  - Biohazard waste disposal bags
  - Disposal latex/polyurethane/nitrile gloves
  - Alcohol prep pads (for some tests)
  - Sterile gauze (for blood specimen testing)
  - Sharps Container (for blood specimen testing)
  - Disposable Lancets (for blood specimen testing)
  - Thermometers (one for the area where test is processing, one for the storing area, one for the refrigerator, one for mobile sites)
  - o Timers
  - $\circ$  10% bleach solution, bleach wipe, or FDA approved disinfectant
  - Standard phlebotomy equipment for confirmatory testing or a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) or similar agreement documenting a relationship with an agency to link patients for confirmatory testing and treatment
  - Appropriate transportation supplies for confirmatory specimens (e.g., mailing bags and specimen canisters)
  - HIV Test forms (Part 1 and LINCT form) (unless reporting data electronically)

Testing supplies will be provided by the STD/HIV/Hepatitis Program as specified in the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) negotiated between SHHP and the partnering test site. Test sites may be required to obtain certain items at their own expense. Testing sites will not be provided additional funds for supplies or phlebotomy services. Up-to-date documentation of testing (including HIV Test forms) must be submitted to the STD/HIV/Hepatitis Program before additional supplies will be sent to the test site (see required documentation). Maintaining appropriate testing supplies in inventory is the responsibility of each healthcare test site.

- 6. Assign a Quality Assurance Coordinator: Healthcare test sites must identify, in writing, the name of their designated Quality Assurance Coordinator using the Quality Assurance Coordinator Registration Form (see attachment 3). This is sometimes/typically also the same person identified to CLIA as the laboratory director, such as an ED Director, Lab Director, Head Nurse, Prevention Manager, etc. The site's rapid testing Quality Assurance Coordinator will be responsible for informing other testing staff on updates and/or revisions to manufacturer's instructions and the State of Louisiana HIV Testing Quality Assurance Protocols as well as any recalls that may occur on testing supplies. The Quality Assurance Coordinator is also responsible for ensuring his/her agency is in compliance with the quality assurance protocol including the proper use, storage and documentation of rapid testing devices/activities. Quality Assurance Coordinators must be fully trained on the rapid testing device(s) being used at their agency.
- 7. Conduct Worker Competency Assessments: Although not required by CLIA for sites operating waived testing devices, it is good laboratory practice and highly recommended that partnering test sites develop a system to continually assess the ability of rapid testing staff to operate testing devices correctly, interpret results accurately, and work safely following universal precautions. SHHP has provided a Testing Competency Assessment for Health Care Testing Staff (see Attachment 8) which sites are encouraged to use for evaluating the competency of their staff prior to conducting testing with patients and annually thereafter.
- 8. **Run Controls Appropriately on Test Devices**: The respective kit controls (Determine, Sure Check, INSTI, SHC, and OraQuick HCV) verify that the rapid antibody test is working properly and that users are able to properly administer and interpret the test results. Kit controls must be documented using Attachment 7 and maintained on site. Kit Controls must be run under the following circumstances:
  - Each newly trained staff prior to performing rapid testing on patient/patient specimens
  - When opening a new test kit lot (lot numbers are printed on each box and device package)
  - Whenever a new shipment of test kits is received
  - If the temperature of the test kit storage area falls outside of the acceptable temperature range for that type of test kit
  - If the temperature of the testing area falls outside of the acceptable range for that type of test kit
  - Prior to using test kits at remote locations (when the test kits are used away from the area where they are stored, e.g., mobile vans, outreach testing, prisons/jails, drug treatment centers)
  - At monthly intervals (sites may run controls more frequently than specified above but must at least meet the above minimum requirements for running controls).

If the results of any one of the control tests do not match the expected result, rerun all controls. If the repeated control test run produces unexpected results, do not use any tests from that entire lot number and notify the SHHP Statewide Testing Supervisor immediately. Also, each rapid test device contains a built in control feature that demonstrates assay validity. A reddish-purple control line (or dot in the case of INSTI) should appear in the area labeled "C" or "Control" depending on the specific device being used. The control line must appear in order for the respective test to be valid, whether or not the test line suggests reactivity. Test results are considered "invalid" when:

- No reddish-purple line or dot appears next to the area labeled "C" or "Control"
- A red background in the result window makes it difficult to read the result after the

appropriate processing time has elapsed.

- If any of the lines are not inside the appropriate control or test line areas.
- 9. **Appropriately Dispose of Testing Equipment:** All used HIV, HCV, and SHC testing supplies should be disposed of in biohazard waste material bags and/or sharps containers and be disposed of in accordance with state and site-specific regulations for disposal of infectious waste. Control specimens and all blood products should be handled in accordance with universal precautions and the manufacturer's instructions. Proper disposal of biohazardous waste materials will be the responsibility of the site conducting testing. Shipping or transporting of used testing equipment outside of the test area is prohibited, unless stored in a closed biohazard waste container. Paper, wrappers, product inserts, and other non-biohazardous materials should be disposed with regular trash unless contaminated with biohazardous materials.
- 10. **Submit Completed HIV Test Forms Weekly:** Test Forms MUST be completed in their entirety and submitted to SHHP on a <u>WEEKLY BASIS AT MINIMUM</u>. Healthcare test sites will not be provided additional supplies if the Test Forms are not completed accurately and submitted to SHHP on at least a weekly basis. This does not apply to OPH Health Units.
- 11. Cooperate with OPH Disease Intervention Specialists (DIS), Field Epidemiologists (Epis), Linkage to Care and Linkage to Cure Coordinators (LTCs and LCCs): All partnering sites are required to cooperate with efforts by Office of Public Health DIS and Field Epis to collect information on patients who have been diagnosed with HIV, HCV, and/or syphilis. This includes confirming and/or updating current address and phone numbers for the purpose of disease investigation and partner services. Any special circumstances or additional information surrounding these activities should be noted to the DIS, LTCs, and LCCs.
- 12. **Request Assistance as Needed:** Healthcare test sites are encouraged to request assistance from SHHP as the need may arise. SHHP can assist with developing testing protocols, establishing appropriate referral networks, and providing a number of other technical assistance trainings related to implementing HIV/HCV/syphilis screening. SHHP staff can be in attendance during the site's first day of screening to help resolve logistic or technical problems, if the site requests this assistance.

## III. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS OF TESTING STAFF

- 1. **Complete Training Requirements:** All healthcare professionals conducting screening in partnership with SHHP must complete a brief training on testing and be assigned a unique Testing Staff ID Number. The Testing for Healthcare Professionals training includes specific instruction on the type of test(s) that staff will be using and training on strategies for delivering test results and making referrals to other services. The SHHP Capacity Building Specialist will schedule these trainings as needed to satisfy this requirement and provide healthcare testing staff with certificates of completion containing their Testing Worker ID Number.
- 2. **Complete Universal Precautions Training:** All healthcare professionals conducting screening using blood specimens (or blood products) must be trained on universal precautions for the prevention of transmission of HIV/HCV/syphilis and other blood borne infections, safe work practices, and disposal of biohazardous materials. It is expected that healthcare test sites will provide this training to their own employees/staff.
- 3. Follow Manufacturer's Instructions: Testing staff must read and follow the manufacturer's

instructions provided by the manufacturer of the rapid test device they will be using. Not following the manufacturer's instructions may result in inaccurate test results.

4. Do Not Conduct Rapid Testing Any Patients Who Know They Are Living With HIV, Syphilis, and or Hepatitis C (or have been given a positive test result in the past): Patients who identify themselves as living with HIV/HCV/syphilis should not be retested with a rapid test. Individuals living with HIV-1 and/or HIV-2 who take antiretroviral medication or who have severely damaged immune systems may produce false negative rapid test results. Persons who have self-identified as living with HIV who need documentation of their HIV status should be offered a conventional immunofluorescence assay (IFA) or Western Blot (WB) HIV test and should be referred to case management and medical care. Clients who have ever been previously diagnosed with syphilis and/or hepatitis c should not receive the rapid antibody test since those results will always be reactive. Those individuals should, instead, receive laboratory testing to verify their status.

## **<u>IV.</u>** SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS OF TESTING STAFF - BEFORE TESTING A PATIENT

- 1. **Obtain Informed Consent:** Separate written consent is not necessary for HIV/HCV/syphilis testing but all patients should be notified at some point during their visit (and prior to being tested) that HIV/HCV/syphilis testing will be conducted as part of routine procedure. Patients should be given information about HIV/HCV/syphilis transmission and the meaning of test results prior to being tested. Patients must have the right and ability to decline HIV/HCV/syphilis testing (to opt-out).
- 2. Inform Patients of Partner Notification Policies: All patients must be informed of the importance of notifying sex and/or needle-sharing partners should their test results be reactive/positive for HIV/HCV/syphilis. A discussion of Partner Services should be provided before testing begins for all patients and a more detailed discussion should be conducted after providing a patient with a reactive (preliminary positive) rapid test result. Testing staff should record patients' contact information on the Test Forms Part 1 to facilitate referral follow-up and partner services. Testing staff must discuss the Louisiana Office of Public Health policy to contact all persons testing confidentially and reactive to HIV regarding Partner Services.
- 3. Offer Patients the Available Options for Testing (Confidential or Anonymous): Patients must be offered the option of anonymous or confidential HIV testing in accordance with Louisiana Testing Law (RS:1300.12). Anonymous testing involves the use of no personal identifiers (i.e. last name, first name, or social security number) that would link an individual to his/her test result. Anonymous testing is only an option for HIV and HCV, not for syphilis rapid testing. If anonymous testing is not available at the testing site, the patient should be referred to a site that is able to provide anonymous testing upon request. Confidential testing is strongly encouraged to facilitate the entry into follow-up medical services for individuals who have been living with HIV, HCV, or syphilis and should be encouraged for all confirmatory testing. Confidential testing indicates that a client is willing to provide personal identifiers that can be used to link individuals to their rapid test result. Patients should also have the choice of which type of specimen (fingerstick whole blood, venipuncture whole blood, etc.) will be collected for HIV testing (according to which testing technologies are in use at the testing site) and when test results will be given (same day or at a later return visit).
- 4. **Discuss possible test results for the type of test being conducted:** Testing staff should discuss all of the possible test results and the applicable follow-up procedures for the type of test being used with each patient prior to collecting a specimen for testing.
- 5. **Provide appropriate subject information pamphlet:** The FDA requires that all patients having a rapid HIV test, receive the "Subject Information" pamphlet produced by the manufacturer of the rapid test device being used prior to having a specimen collected for testing. These pamphlets are included in each box of rapid testing kits. Contact the SHHP Capacity Building Specialist for additional copies of these pamphlets.

## V. SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS OF TESTING STAFF - WHILE TESTING A PATIENT

- 1. **Complete Test Form Part 1:** All applicable sections of Test Forms Part 1 should be completed for all clients who receive a rapid test. It is recommended that Part 1 be filled out while the test is processing in order to keep the patient occupied and possibly lower their anxiety about the pending test results. OPH Health Units and sites reporting electronically do not fill out the Part 1 form and instead enter all relevant testing information in the electronic health record (EHR).
- 2. <u>Complete LinCT form (Attachment 1) for testing provided after *any* first rapid test with <u>reactive/positive results.</u></u>
- 3. **Conduct Other Medical Exams/Services:** After completing the appropriate sections of the Test Forms Part 1, or entering all relevant testing information in the EHR, testers should initiate other health care services as needed/available. It is preferable to conduct these activities while the HIV/HCV/syphilis test is being processed if possible.
- Provide Support: Testing staff are encouraged to provide patients with condoms, other harm/risk reduction tools, education, and/or prevention literature as appropriate and available. These items may be ordered from SHHP by visiting the <u>Order Center - Louisiana Health Hub -</u> <u>STD/HIV/Hepatitis Program</u>.
- 5. Assess patient readiness to receive results: Testing staff should check with patients prior to interpreting/reading the test results to ensure that the patient still wishes to receive their test results at that time. If the patient does not wish to receive the test result at that time, the tester should schedule a follow-up appointment for the patient to receive the test results (the tester should document the test results in the patient's chart for later use).

## Proceed with the Patient in the following ways based on the test results: If Result is Negative/Nonreactive:

- Accurately communicate results with patient
- Allow time for emotional response. Do not rush the patient into conversation.
- Ensure the patient understands what the result means.
- Assess patient concerns.
- Recommend a follow-up time for the patient to be retested for HIV/HCV/Syphilis based on section I guidelines.
- Assess the patient's need for other referrals
- Document negative result on HIV Test Form Part 1. OPH Health Units and sites reporting electronically will not complete a Part 1 form and instead will enter HIV test information in their EHR.
- Set an appointment for the patient to return for follow-up testing if needed.
- Provide prevention materials and literature as deemed appropriate.

## If the Result is Positive/Reactive (for sites conducting a rapid test followed by a blood draw for labbased confirmatory testing):

- Accurately communicate results with the patient (if a rapid test, inform the patient that the result shows signs of HIV antibodies and a confirmatory test must be done to be sure.)
- Allow time for emotional response. Do <u>not</u> rush the patient into conversation.
- Ensure the patient understands what the result means.
- Assess patient concerns.
- Collect confirmatory specimen if rapid test was conducted: Patients who have a reactive/preliminary positive rapid HIV test result must be given a follow-up confirmatory test unless they decline and be provided with referrals to early intervention medical services during the delivery of their preliminary positive result. If possible, blood specimens should be collected for confirmatory HIV testing. All HIV testing sites are expected to inform 100% of patients of their reactive test results.
- Complete Appropriate Lab Requisition: The appropriate form/documentation should be completed to ensure that the results of the confirmatory test will be traceable to the patient being tested and that results will be available as soon as possible. For sites sending specimens to the Louisiana Public Health Laboratory, the Louisiana Laboratory Requisition Form must be completed and mailed along with the confirmatory specimen.

The appropriate forms can be found here:

- <u>STD/HIV Combined Lab Test Request Form</u> (<u>https://ldh-oph.qualtraxcloud.com/ShowDocument.aspx?ID=11159</u>) This form is used to request testing for HIV, Syphilis, Neiseria gonorrhoae and Chlamydia trachomatis.
- LAB FORM 96 Virology/Immunology (https://ldhoph.qualtraxcloud.com/ShowDocument.aspx?ID=6893) - This form is used for Lab Test requests in Virology for the following assays: Influenza, Norovirus, Hepatitis A, B and C, Arbovirus, Rubella IgG and many others.
- However, if the submitting facility is already onboard and currently ordering lab tests on the portal, then there is no need to use the manual requisition forms. They should submit samples in batch with the shipping manifest printed from the portal. For questions, please reach out to SHHP's Statewide Testing Supervisor.
  - Emphasize the importance of taking the same precautions as a person who may have a confirmed HIV positive test result in terms of vulnerability to other STIs and transmission prevention to others.
  - Negotiate additional referrals with patient, including potential medical and partner services referrals.
  - Complete and submit a LINCT form. OPH Health Units and sites reporting electronically will not complete a LINCT form and will enter appropriate information in their EHR.
  - Best practice to obtain IGRA (Interferon-Gamma Release Assay) to test for TB infection. Testing is done by QuantiFERON®-TB Gold In-Tube test (QFT-GIT) or T-SPOT®.TB test. For OPH Health Units- T-SPOT®.TB test is REQUIRED.
  - Set an appointment for the patient to return for confirmatory test results.
  - Provide prevention materials and literature as deemed appropriate.

## If Result is Positive/Reactive (for sites conducting rapid/rapid testing)

- Accurately communicate results with patient (the result shows signs of HIV, HCV, or syphilis antibodies and a second test must be done to be sure)
- Allow time for emotional response. Do <u>not</u> rush the patient into conversation.
- Ensure the patient understands what the result means.
- Assess patient concerns.
- Offer second rapid test.
- The second test must be a different rapid testing device than the first one used. 100% of clients who have a reactive/preliminary positive rapid HIV test result must be offered a second rapid test and offered referrals to early intervention/medical care after receiving a second reactive test result. Conducting the second rapid test and delivering its result must be done in the same client visit.
- If the second rapid test is invalid, repeat the test again. If two invalids are received, the client should be referred to lab-based testing and provider care.
- If the second rapid test is negative, then clients should return one week later for retesting.
- For follow-up testing, if the first rapid test is negative, no more testing is required.
- If the first rapid test is positive, follow normal procedures and conduct a second rapid test.
- A new Part 1 STD/HIV Test Form should be filled out when the client returns for testing. Retain the Part 1 form from the first test in the client file until the client returns for the follow-up testing one week later, and mail both test forms to SHHP together.
- If the client does not return for the follow-up test, mail the first Part 1 form to SHHP, and mark on the Part 1 'Client did not return for follow-up testing'.
- Review the client's risk assessment and risk reduction plan.
- Refer to HIV clinic for medical care so that viral load can be initiated.
- Best practice to obtain IGRA (Interferon-Gamma Release Assay) to test for TB infection. Testing is done by QuantiFERON®-TB Gold In-Tube test (QFT-GIT) or T-SPOT®.TB test. For OPH Health Units- T-SPOT®.TB test is REQUIRED.
- Emphasize the importance of taking health precautions while they wait to attend their first medical appointment.
- Negotiate additional referrals with client, including medical referrals and referrals to local HIV agency for other supportive services and case management.
- Remind clients that a DIS will contact them to assist with notifying partners of their possible exposure to HIV. SHHP has linkage to care and linkage to treatment coordinators available to assist as an additional resource. If there are any questions or difficulties connecting someone to care, please call 504-568-7474.

### If Rapid Test is Invalid:

- Explain that no result is available due to a malfunction with the testing process.
- Assess patient concerns and emotional response.
- Quickly assess the testing environment for appropriateness for the specific rapid test being used (ensure operating temperature is acceptable, test kits are not expired, etc.)
- Repeat the test using a new rapid test device or conduct a conventional test (OraSure or blood draw) if the patient refuses an additional rapid test.
- Provide condoms, other harm/risk reduction tools and appropriate literature.
- BEFORE TESTING ANOTHER PATIENT: Run external controls to ensure testing devices are working correctly and assess quality assurance documentation paying attention to temperature and control logs. Discontinue testing if controls do not pass or testing environment is inappropriate and complete documentation of this problem on all logs.

## If Discordant Result (Reactive rapid test and indeterminate or negative confirmatory test)

- Assess patient concerns.
- Establish plans for follow-up testing to occur 4 weeks after the initial preliminary positive result. It is highly recommended and in line with CDC rapid testing protocol that follow-up confirmatory testing be conducted with a blood specimen.
- Provide condoms, other harm/risk reduction tools and appropriate literature.
- Notify the SHHP Testing Supervisor immediately.

## 3. Preliminary Positive Rapid Syphilis Test Result

- i. Accurately communicate results to client the result shows signs of syphilis antibodies.
- ii. Allow time for emotional response. Do <u>not</u> rush the client into conversation.
- iii. Ensure the client understands what the result means.
- iv. Assess client concerns.
- v. It is mandatory to offer a follow-up testing or make a referral to follow-up testing. Follow-up testing will include both non-treponemal tests (i.e. RPR or VDRL) as well as a treponemal test (i.e. TP-PA, FTA-ABS, or EIA). The appropriate lab code when ordering follow-up syphilis testing for LabCorp is TPPA + Quant RPR. For CRL, the correct lab code for follow-up testing is 3455: T. Pallidum antibody with reflex RPR. It is imperative that SHHP receives lab results from both test types in order to confirm diagnosis and treatment (including whether the syphilis infection is an active infection or one that occurred in the past and was successfully treated) <u>or</u> to determine whether a false positive has occurred.
- vi. Review the client's risk assessment and risk reduction plan.
- vii. Emphasize the importance in taking health precautions while they wait to attend their first medical appointment.
- viii. Negotiate additional referrals with client, including medical referrals and referrals to a local STD/HIV agency for other supportive services if needed. Discuss PrEP and PEP, as appropriate.
- ix. Remind clients that a DIS will contact them to assist with notifying partners of their possible exposure to syphilis.
- x. Provide condoms and literature as deemed appropriate.
- xi. SHHP has linkage to care and linkage to treatment coordinators available to assist as an additional resource. If there are any questions or difficulties connecting someone to care, please call 504-568-7474.

### 4. Preliminary Positive Rapid HCV Test Result

- i. Accurately communicate results to client the result shows signs of hepatitis C antibodies.
- ii. Allow time for emotional response. Do <u>not</u> rush the client into conversation.
- iii. Ensure the client understands what the result means.
- iv. Assess client concerns.
- v. It is mandatory to offer a follow-up testing or make a referral to follow-up testing to assess
- vi. Review the client's risk assessment and risk reduction plan.
- vii. Emphasize the importance of taking health precautions while they wait to attend their first medical appointment.

- viii. Negotiate additional referrals with client, including medical referrals and referrals to a local STD/HIV agency for other supportive services if needed.
- ix. Provide condoms and literature and discuss PrEP, PEP, and DoxyPEP as deemed appropriate.
- x. SHHP has linkage to care and linkage to treatment coordinators available to assist as an additional resource. If there are any questions or difficulties connecting someone to care, please call 504-568-7474.
- **6.** Sites interested in conducting SHC and rapid HCV but do not have onsite follow-up testing and/or treatment available must submit documentation of their plan for active linkage to follow-up testing and treatment. This written plan <u>must</u> include:
  - a. The agency they are partnered with for confirmatory testing and treatment.
  - b. Documentation of the agreement (MOU or other document) with the testing agency and the agency or clinic patients are being referred to for follow-up testing and treatment. This should include check marks for the agency to confirm the following for syphilis:

\_\_\_\_Confirmatory (non-treponemal AND treponemal) Testing Available

\_\_\_\_Laboratory used:\_\_

\_\_\_\_Bicillin and Doxycycline available (Doxycycline for patients with penicillin allergy)

Basic Emergency Treatment for Anaphylaxis available on site (Epinephrine IV and Benadryl IV with 911 call)

- c. The process for reporting syphilis and HCV treatment confirmation back to SHHP, including how the agency will obtain confirmatory test results and/or confirmation of treatment from the referral agency. The LINCT form should be completed to document that confirmation tests were conducted and what the process for treatment was.
- d. Identification and contact information for the agency staff responsible for ensuring client follow-up, etc.

## **IV. REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION**

All documentation/forms related to HIV/HCV/syphilis testing that are designated "Submit to SHHP" in the header should be mailed to the following address. This does not apply to OPH Health Units and sites reporting electronically who enter all testing information in their EHR:

Testing Department Office of Public Health 1450 Poydras St., Suite 2136 New Orleans, LA 70112

To insure proper confidentiality measures, forms containing identifying patient information must be enclosed in <u>two</u> envelopes and marked "confidential" on the <u>inside</u> envelope. Testing information should be addressed to the Office of Public Health without any reference to "HIV" and/or "AIDS" in either the sender's address or the recipient's address. Forms that are hand delivered will not be accepted unless they are enclosed in two envelopes and properly addressed.

Following is a description of documentation that must be maintained and/or submitted to SHHP along with the submission timeline where applicable.

- 1. <u>Maintain on site</u>: The following documentation should be kept on file at testing sites for at least 3 years.
  - a) **Test Device Temperature Log** (Attachment 4): Documentation of storage room temperature must be recorded daily for test kits.
  - **b) Control Kit Temperature Log** (Attachment 5): Documentation of control kit storage temperature must be recorded daily for control kits.
  - c) Daily Rapid Testing Log (Attachment 6): All rapid tests conducted must be recorded on a daily test log. These logs are kept in agency files and may be reviewed by SHHP at any time.
  - d) Control Kit Log (Attachment 7): All control tests run at the testing site must be logged on the Control Log and signed by the Quality Assurance Coordinator. Any corrective action taken as a result of control testing must be documented on this log. Submit this form to Statewide Testing Coordinator on a quarterly basis.
  - e) HIV Testing Competency Assessment for Health Care Testing Staff (Attachment 8): Internal monitoring of the quality of test processing for individuals involved in rapid HIV testing activities may be conducted using this form. It is highly recommended that all HIV testing staff be observed at least once per year by a supervisor or the designated Quality Assurance Coordinator to ensure quality HIV testing services are maintained. Competency assessments should be kept on site in employee files.
- 2. <u>Weekly Submission</u>: The following documentation must be sent to SHHP at least weekly. OPH Health Units and MOU sites reporting electronically do not fill out these forms and instead enter all testing data in the EHR. MOU sites must submit their data weekly to SHHP's data department. Contact Testing Supervisor for details and setup.

**Rapid Testing Form – Part 1:** Part 1 of the Test Form should be completed for every patient who receives a HIV/HCV/syphilis test that is in any way supported by SHHP. Instructions for completing the Test Forms are available in a separate document and may be requested from the SHHP Capacity Building Supervisor or Regional Prevention Coordinator.

**Linkage to Care/Treatment (LinCT) Testing Form – LinCT:** This form should be completed and sent to SHHP if ANY lab based OR rapid test is positive. *Negative lab based results will be obtained from surveillance information. Any inconsistencies/missed results will be addressed by your regional coordinator.* 

- If you have a POSITIVE lab screening test, send this form
- If you have a POSITIVE rapid test, and the confirmatory/lab test is NEGATIVE, send this form.
- If you have a POSITIVE rapid test, and the confirmatory/lab test is POSITIVE, send this form.
- If you have a NEGATIVE rapid test, and the confirmatory/lab test is NEGATIVE, do not send this form.

### 3. <u>As needed</u>: Submit the following documentation as needed.

**Supply Orders**: Supplies can be ordered online, please allow for up to four weeks for delivery: <u>https://www.louisianahealthhub.org/for-community-partners/order-center/</u> Contact the Testing Supervisor for further assistance or troubleshooting.

**Testing Site Registration Form** (Attachment 2): Prior to conducting HIV testing activities at any site, a Site Registration Form must be completed and submitted to the SHHP Clinical Testing Promoter. All HIV testing sites must be approved by SHHP prior to the start of any HIV testing activities. Please allow up to four (4) weeks for approval of each site. A copy of this form should

be kept on site.

**Discordant Test Report** (Attachment 9): All confirmatory test results that are negative or inconclusive must be followed up with a Discordant Test Report.

## **V. DEFINITIONS OF KEY TERMS**

**Testing Sites** – refers to clinics, agencies or community-based organizations that offer rapid testing in cooperation or partnership with SHHP in addition to other healthcare services but who do not receive monetary funding from SHHP to do so.

**Rapid Testing –** Performing/conducting a rapid test.

**Testing Staff – (**also referred to as tester, worker or staff) this is a person who conducts/administers a rapid test or the person who collects the specimen for testing when the actual test occurs at a lab or remote location. Rapid testing staff generally conduct testing for screening purposes and may not be trained to conduct HIV/STI Prevention Counseling.

**Rapid Testing Worker ID Number** – a unique identifying number assigned to every rapid testing staff after he/she completes the required training on screening protocol and rapid testing.

HIV/HCV/Syphilis Screening – Performing a rapid test for all persons in a defined population.

**Informed consent** – A process of communication between patient and provider through which an informed patient can choose whether to undergo rapid testing or decline to do so. Elements of informed consent typically include providing oral or written information regarding HIV/HCV/syphilis, the risks and benefits of testing, the implications of HIV/HCV/syphilis test results, how test results will be communicated, and the opportunity to ask questions.

**Opt-out Screening** – Performing HIV/HCV/syphilis screening after notifying the patient that 1) the test will be performed and 2) the patient may elect to decline or defer testing. Consent is inferred unless the patient declines testing.

## -END OF PROTOCOLS-

## SHHP Testing Contacts as of April 2024:

- Statewide Testing Supervisor: <u>Nouri.Ningbinnin@la.gov</u>
- Statewide Testing Coordinator: <u>Diamond.Vines@la.gov</u>
- Regional Coordinator Supervisor: <u>Sarah.Fleming@la.gov</u>
- Regional Coordinator Regions 1 & 3: <u>Zoey.Ponder@la.gov</u>
- Regional Coordinator Regions 2 & 9: <u>Rochelle.Cole@la.gov</u>
- Regional Coordinator Regions 4, 5, & 6: <u>Swanzette.Bonnet@la.gov</u>
- Regional Coordinator Regions 7 & 8: <u>Brett.Malone@la.gov</u>
- Capacity Building Supervisor: <u>Kelley.Anderson@la.gov</u>
- Capacity Building Specialist Lead: <u>Chivas.Michael@la.gov</u>
- Capacity Building Specialist: <u>Shawn.Windham@la.gov</u>

## **Role of the Quality Assurance Coordinator**

The purpose of designating a Quality Assurance Coordinator (QAC) at every partnering site is to ensure that all protocols and best practices are being implemented correctly. There must always be a QAC designated at every site while rapid testing is occurring.

The QAC is the person who monitors all the testing activities at the partner agency and ensures that the protocols are being followed, paperwork is completed accurately, logs are maintained for test kits/controls/etc.

All testing sites must identify, in writing, the name of their designated Quality Assurance (QA) Coordinator using the Quality Assurance Coordinator Registration Form. This is sometimes/typically also the same person identified to CLIA as the laboratory director, such as an ED Director, Lab Director, Head Nurse, Prevention Manager, Counseling and Testing Supervisor, etc. The site's rapid testing Quality Assurance Coordinator will be responsible for:

- Informing other testing staff on updates and/or revisions to manufacturer's instructions and the State of Louisiana Rapid Testing Quality Assurance Protocols
- Informing other testing staff on any recalls that may occur on testing supplies.
- Ensuring their agency is in compliance with (1) the quality assurance protocol and (2) the proper use and storage of rapid testing devices
- Ensuring the proper documentation and submission of testing data and QA forms

Quality Assurance Coordinators <u>must</u> be fully trained on the rapid testing device(s) being used at their site.

They will usually serve as the primary point of contact with SHHP's office and ensure that any updates to protocols, forms, or other testing-related matter is relayed and adopted on-site. They, in turn, provide the technical assistance to all other testing staff that may come up as needed.

When site visits occur, the QAC will be available to assist SHHP staff in reviewing logs, paperwork, evaluating testing supply storage is and so forth.

There should always be a designated QAC and in the event that there are any staffing changes and a new person needs to be assigned, please contact the Statewide Testing Supervisor and/or the Regional Coordinator Supervisor to inform them of the designation change along with corresponding form.

## **Guidance for obtaining or renewing CLIA Waivers**

This requirement falls outside the scope of SHHP's direction, but the resources listed below will point you in the right direction.

- CLIA state agency contacts: <u>https://www.cms.gov/regulations-and-guidance/legislation/clia/downloads/cliasa.pdf</u>
- if you have trouble reaching the state contact, you can email the regional contact for the U.S. region that includes Louisiana: <u>https://www.cms.gov/files/document/clia-operations-branch-contacts-12/18/2023.pdf</u>
- LDH CLIA website: <u>https://ldh.la.gov/page/clinical-laboratory-improvements-amendments-clia</u>
- CMS instructions for obtaining a CLIA Certificate of Waiver: <u>https://www.cms.gov/regulations-and-guidance/legislation/clia/downloads/howobtaincertificateofwaiver.pdf</u>
- Once obtained, email a copy of the CLIA certificate, or CLIA # to Statewide Testing Supervisor

## Additional SHHP Resources:

All of the following resources can be found through the SHHP office. You can learn more about each topic by browsing Louisiana Health Hub website at: <u>https://louisianahealthhub.org/</u>. If you have any questions or are wanting to learn more about any of the resources such as the ones listed below, please contact your Regional Coordinator.

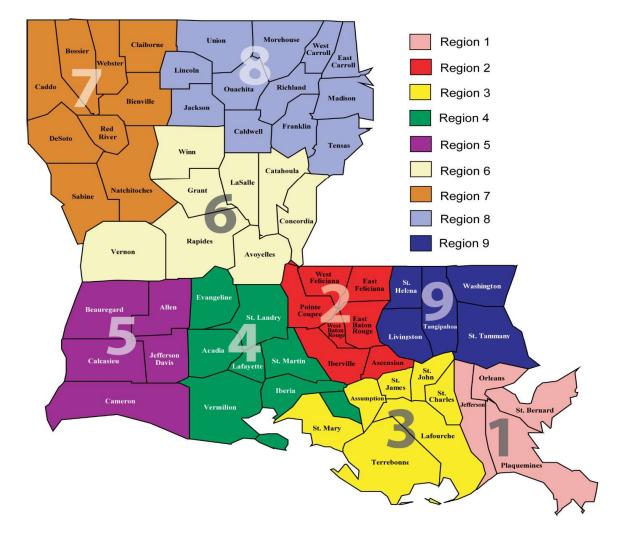
TelePrEP/PEP Provider Education Educational/Outreach Materials Condoms/Prevention Materials Professional Development Trainings HIV/STI Data and Linkage Reports

## SHHP Regional Partners as of March 2024: 47

Region 1
Access Health Louisiana
Allergies Answered
Brotherhood
CADA Prevention & Recovery Center of Greater New Orleans
Correct Health
Correct Care Solutions
Crescent Care
Harris M. Blackman

LCMC_UMC - HOP Clinic
Odyssey House Louisiana
Planned Parenthood
Tulane Total Health
Tulane Drop-In Clinic
Merakey
Methodist Health Systems Foundation (MHSF)
New Orleans East Wellness Center
New Orleans Family Justice Center - Hope Clinic
Start Corporation
St. John Baptist Church
St. Thomas Health Clinic
Texas Digestive Disease Consultants (TDDC)
Region 2
AIDS Healthcare Foundation
Arbor Family Health
Baton Rouge AIDS Society
Baton Rouge Primary Collaborative Care
Byja Clinic
Capitol Area Reentry Program
Care South
Comprehensive Adult Primary Care Clinic
Family Services of Greater Baton Rouge
LSU Student Health Center
Merakey
Metropolitan Health Education Program
Ochsner Clinic Foundation
Open Health
Our Lady of the Lake
Planned Parenthood
Start Corporation
Region 3
Access Health Louisiana
Life Coast Community Health Center
Merakey
South Louisiana Medical Associates
South Central Louisiana Human Services Authority
Start Corporation
Region 4
Acadiana Cares
22

Clinical Sticks
L Lazaro IV APMC
Lafayette Foundation Clinic
Lafayette Sheriff's Office
Louisiana Gastroenterology Associates
Merakey
New Beginnings Health, Inc.
St. Bernadette Community Clinic
Total Wellness Group
Region 5
Arthritis Center of Southwest Louisiana
Louisiana Gastroenterology Associates
New Life Counseling
Southwest Louisiana Area Health Education Center
Region 6
Access Health Louisiana
Central Louisiana AIDS Support Services
Christus Health
Merakey
Tulane University Medical Group (Alexandria CD4 Clinic)
Region 7
CADA Prevention & Recovery Center of Northwest LA
Christus Health
Merakey
MLK Health Center
Northwest Louisiana Human Services district
Northwestern State University - Student Heath Center Natchitoches
Northwestern State University - Student Heath Center Shreveport
St. Luke's Medical Ministry
The Philadelphia Center
Region 8
Grambling State University
Merakey
Pinnacle Family Health
Ruth's House Resource Center
Region 9
Access Health Louisiana
Florida Parish Human Services Authority
Hilton Dermatology
Merakey Pennsylvania
Southeast Louisiana Area Health Education Center



## **Louisiana Department of Health Regions**

Please feel free to copy, duplicate, and print the following Forms and logs and develop your own internal documents for your rapid testing program. V2. 1/5/2024

## HIV/STI Results and Linkage into Care or Treatment

Complete this form when the client receives confirmatory (negative or positive) testing on a rapid positive or any positive lab based STI/HIV test results

Client First Name:	Client Last Name:	Client DOB:
Date: / / MM DD YYYY		Place a label from the STD/HIV Test Form-Part 1 below OR clearly write in the P-number.
Worker/Counselor ID:		

(Previously S	TD43 Form)				FOR POSTIVE TEST RESULTS							
COMPLETI EVERY TE ADMINIST Leave blank if not blood or rapid whe	Positive=P Negative=N			If Referred: Write in referral site. Once follow-up is completed, fill out treatment columns.	Treatment Date <i>MM/DD/YYYY</i>		Treatment Circle the standard treatment given or write in medication and provide dosage.					
Ch <b>l</b> amydia:	Urine Pharvngeal Anal	Р	N N N		-	/	/	Doxycycline 100mg orally 2x/day for 7 days Medication	Azithromycin 1g orally in a single dose	Levofloxacin 500 mg orally 1x/day for 7 days _ Dose	, ,	
Gonorrhea:	Urine Pharyngeal Anal	Р	N N N	   	-	1	1	Ceftriaxone 500mg IM 1 dose for persons weighing <150 kg (300 lb) Medication	Persons weighing ≥150 kg (300 lb),1 g of IM ceftriaxone		Cefixime 800 mg orally in S 1 dose.	
Syphilis:	Lab	Р	N	I	□ Serofast, <u>no</u> treatment needed	1	1	2.4 million units Benzathine Penicillin G (BIC IM X 1 dose Medication	Benzathine Penicillin G	Doxycycline 100 mg orally twice a day for 14 days _Dose	g Doxycycline 100 mg orally twice a day for 28 days Duration	
Hepatitis C:	Lab	Р	Ν	Ι	□ RNA not detected	1	1	Treatment:				
Hepatitis B:	Lab	Р	Ν	I		/	1	Treatment:				
HIV:	Rapid / Lab	Р	Ν	I					COMPLETE BEL	_OW		

## FOR CLIENTS WITH HIV POSITIVE TEST RESULTS

ESSENTIAL SUPPORT		Need		If Yes Provided or		PREGNANCY			No	Don't Know	Decl -ined	Not Asked
SERVICES	Determined		Referred		ls cl		lient pregnant?					
	Yes	No	Yes	No			Is client in prenatal care?					
Navigation services for linkage to HIV						ļ	· ·					
medical care					Boes client need perinatal HIV service							
Linkage to HIV medical care						۲ ۲	coordination?					
					_	- 1	Was client referred to perinatal HIV service					
Medication Adherence support							coordination?					

HIV CARE INFORMATION	Yes	No	Don't Know					
Has the client ever had a previous positive HIV Test?					Date of first positive HIV Test: / /			
Has the client ever had a negative HIV Test?					Date of last negative HIV Test: / /			
Has the client ever used or is client currently using antiretroviral medication (ARV)?					Date ARV began:/ /			
Number of negative HIV tests within 24 months before the current (or first positive) HIV test:		•			Date of most recent ARV use:/ /			
What was the client's most severe housing status in the past	t 12 mon	ths?			Unstably Housed and at Risk of Losing Housing  Stably Housed Declined to Answer Don't know			
Was client provided with individualized risk reduction counse	ling?		<b>'</b> 🗌	Yes 🗆 No				

Attach to Part 1 form and mail to the STD/HIV/Hepatitis Program using double envelope system

(Previously HIV Part 2 Form)

Attachment	2
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## Rapid STI Testing Site Assessment and Registration Form

All sites, whether fixed or mobile, must be registered with OPH SHHP. Please allow four (4) weeks for processing.

Type of Request (check one): Site	New Site	Update Existing Site	Drop
Contact Information (Agency cond	ucting testing)	:	
Agency:			
Mailing Address:			
City, State, Zip:			
OPH Region:			
Phone Number:	Fax Nı	umber:	
E-Mail Address:		CLIA Certificate	#:
What is the AGENCY ID that this site	e will be listed u	under?	
<b>Executive Director Information:</b>			
Name:			
Mailing Address:			
City, State, Zip:			
Phone Number:			
Executive Director's Email:			
Prevention Manager Information:			
Name:			
Mailing Address:			
City, State, Zip:			
Phone Number:			
Prevention Manager's Email:			
Quality Assurance Coordinator Inf	formation:		
Name:			
Mailing Address:			
City, State, Zip:			
Phone Number:	Fax Nu	umber:	

Quality Assurance	Coordinator's Email:
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## Site Information (location where CTR will be conducted):

Name of Site:

Site Address:

City, State, Zip: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone Number: \_\_\_\_\_ Fax Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Detailed Description of Site Type (i.e. clientele, hours of operation, services offered):

Detailed Description of Test Set-Up(i.e. how will confidentiality be assured, where in the building will testing happen, etc:

Type of Testing Requested (check all that apply):

Rapid Testing:\_\_\_\_\_

Blood (lab)

(To be completed by Regional Coordinator and submitted as needed)

Date:

Observed by: \_\_\_\_\_

## Check appropriate assessment of testing site:

Work space to process test:	□ Acceptable □ Conditional (describe) □ Unacceptable
Confidential setting:	$\Box$ Acceptable $\Box$ Conditional (describe) $\Box$ Unacceptable
Cleanliness:	$\Box$ Acceptable $\Box$ Conditional (describe) $\Box$ Unacceptable
Lighting:	$\Box$ Acceptable $\Box$ Conditional (describe) $\Box$ Unacceptable
Temperature control:	$\Box$ Acceptable $\Box$ Conditional (describe) $\Box$ Unacceptable
Supply storage:	$\Box$ Acceptable $\Box$ Conditional (describe) $\Box$ Unacceptable
Hand washing station:	$\Box$ Acceptable $\Box$ Conditional (describe) $\Box$ Unacceptable
Record keeping:	$\Box$ Acceptable $\Box$ Conditional (describe) $\Box$ Unacceptable
Waiting area:	$\Box$ Acceptable $\Box$ Conditional (describe) $\Box$ Unacceptable

#### Notations:

For Office Use Only: Date request received: Date visited: Recommendation: SHP Coordinator Initials: \_\_\_\_\_ CTR Supervisor's Initials: \_\_\_\_\_ Date logged into database: \_\_\_\_\_

Approved for:	HIV Rapid Testing: Primary Test	Second Test
□ SHC □ HCV	□ Whole Blood (lab) Site #:	Parent Site #:

Summary (For SHHP Database Entry)

Agency ID \_\_\_\_\_

Site Name \_\_\_\_\_

Site Type \_\_\_\_\_

Type of Test Used \_\_\_\_\_

Site Street Address \_\_\_\_\_

Site C	City		

Site Z	ip Code	
	-	

QA Coordinator	

<b>QA</b> Phone	number	
-		

Site Region	
0	

Site Parish\_\_\_\_\_

## Site Types

F01.01 Clinical - Inpatient hospital F02.12 Clinical - TB clinic F02.19 Clinical - Substance abuse treatment facility F02.51 Clinical - Community health center F03 Clinical - Emergency department F04.05 Non-clinical - HIV testing site F06.02 Non-clinical - Community setting - School/educational facility F06.03 Non-clinical - Community setting - Church/mosque/synagogue/temple F06.04 Non-clinical - Community Setting - Shelter/transitional housing F06.05 Non-clinical - Community setting - Commercial facility F06.07 Non-clinical - Community setting - Bar/club/adult entertainment F06.08 Non-clinical - Community setting - Public area F06.12 Non-clinical - Community setting - Individual residence F06.88 Non-clinical - Community setting - Other F07 Non-clinical - Correctional facility - Non-healthcare F08 Clinical - Primary care clinic (other than CHC) F09 Clinical - Pharmacy or other retail-based clinic F10 Clinical - STD clinic F11 Clinical - Dental clinic F12 Clinical - Correctional facility clinic F13 Clinical – Other F14 Non-clinical - Health department - field visit F15 Non-clinical - Community Setting - Syringe exchange program F40 Mobile Unit

Attachment 3 (submit to SHHP as needed)

## Quality Assurance (QA) Coordinator Designation Form

All Agencies conducting Rapid Testing in Louisiana must designate and register a Quality Assurance Coordinator. The Quality Assurance Coordinator should be a person with experience utilizing rapid test kits and familiar with storage and operating procedures/requirements of the rapid testing device(s) used at their agency.

#### <u>Submit to SHHP immediately whenever the designated Quality Assurance Coordinator changes or when</u> <u>updates/changes to his/her contact information occur.</u>

Site Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Site ID: \_\_\_\_\_

 Agency ID\_\_\_\_\_Date Form Submitted:\_\_\_\_\_Submitter:\_\_\_\_\_

Reason for Submission:

\_\_\_\_Newly Designated Quality Assurance Coordinator
\_\_\_\_Change in Quality Assurance Coordinator's contact information
\_\_\_Other, specify below:

#### About the Designated Quality Assurance Coordinator:

Name*: Title*: Work Address*:					
Worker ID*: Work Phone*: Cell: Alternate Phone Work Email*: Alternate Email:					
Number of Months/Years Experience with Rapid Testing:					
*,	Areas marked with an asterisk are required fields				

Fax completed form to (504) 568-7044 Attention Testing Supervisor or email to Testing Supervisor Attachment 4 (maintain on-site) Complete this form in its entirety

## **Test Device Temperature Log**

Agency ID, Site ID: \_\_\_\_\_

Testing Kits Location/Address:\_\_\_\_\_

 Type of Rapid Test Kits (Check all that apply):

 Determine
 Insti
 Syphilis Health Check
 Rapid HCV
 Sure Check

The high and low temperatures of the test kit storage area should be recorded using a digital thermometer with a temperature range memory that will display the warmest and coolest temperatures reached in the storage area inbetween checks. If temperature falls outside the allowable range, notify quality assurance coordinator immediately, and cite the corrective action taken.

Allowable Temp Range for all test kits:	from: <u>degrees</u> F	to:degrees F

Daily Temperature Record for Month: \_\_\_\_\_Year: \_\_\_\_\_ Record temperature for every day that agency is open

Date	Low	High	Initial	Date	Low	High	Initial
1				16			
2				17			
3				18			
4				19			
5				20			
6				21			
7				22			
8				23			
9				24			
10				25			
11				26			
12				27			
13				28			
14				29			
15				30			
				31			

### Note any incidents and corrective actions taken below:

Date:	Corrective Action:

Quality Assurance Coordinator (Required)\_\_\_\_\_ Date:\_\_\_\_\_ Attachment 5 (maintain on-site) Complete form in its entirety

## **Control Kit Temperature Log**

Agency ID, Site ID: _		
-----------------------	--	--

Control Kits Location/Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Type of Rapid Test Controls (Check all that apply):DetermineInstiSyphilis Health CheckRapid HCVSure Check

The high and low temperatures of the control kit storage refrigerator should be recorded using a digital thermometer with a temperature range memory that will display the warmest and coolest temperatures reached in the refrigerator in between checks. If temperature falls outside the allowable range, notify quality assurance coordinator immediately, and cite the corrective action taken.

degrees F	to:degrees F
	degrees F

Daily Temperature Record for Month:\_\_\_\_\_Year:\_\_\_\_\_

Date	Low	High	Initial	Date	Low	High	Initial
1				16			
2				17			
3				18			
4				19			
5				20			
6				21			
7				22			
8				23			
9				24			
10				25			
11				26			
12				27			
13				28			
14				29			
15				30			
				31			

#### Note any incidents and corrective actions taken below:

Date:	Corrective Action:

\_Date:\_\_\_\_

Revised 2024

Attachment 6 (maintain on-site)

# Daily Rapid Test Log

Agency ID, Site ID: \_\_\_\_\_ Date of Testing: \_\_\_\_\_ Date of Testing: \_\_\_\_\_\_ (note the lot number from the test kit package, not the outer box or shipment materials)

Types of Rapid Test: Determine (DET), Insti (INS), Syphilis Health Check (SHC), Rapid HCV (ORQ), Sure Check

Type of	Rapid Lab	HIV Test form	Room	Time	Time	Rapid Test Result	Date	Lot Number	Test Kit
Rapid Test	Counselor#	P-Number	Temperature	Test Started	Test Result Read		Client Notified	of Test Kit	Expiration Date
						□ Reactive/Positive □ Ag □ Ab			
						<ul> <li>Non-Reactive/Negative</li> <li>Invalid</li> </ul>			
						□ Reactive/Positive □ Ag □ Ab			
						□ Non-Reactive/Negative			
						Reactive/Positive			
						□ Ag □ AU □ Non-Reactive/Negative □ Invalid			
						Reactive/Positive			
						□ Ag □ Ab			
						<ul> <li>INUI-REACTIVE/INEGATIVE</li> <li>Invalid</li> </ul>			
						□ Reactive/Positive			
						□ Non-Reactive/Negative			
						Reactive/Positive			
						□ Ag □ Ab □ Non-Reactive/Negative			
						□ Invalid			

(Required) Quality Assurance Coordinator:\_\_

\_Date:\_

Revised 20224

Attachment 7 (maintain on site)

**Control Kit Log** 

Agency ID, Site ID:

Month/Year:\_\_\_

Date Kits Opened (for each test kit control):

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Tyrac of		Type of Mit Controls: Determine, Insu, Syphilis	lermme, m			TEALUL CHECK, KAPIU TUUY, SULE ULIECK		v, sure	<b>Clicck</b> Reason for running controls. (a) Drive to a newly frained
type of Kit Controls	Date	Counselor #	NEG	HIV-1	HIV-2	Antigen	SHC+	HCV +	New shipment of testing (b) New test kit lot opened (c) New shipment of test kits (d) Temperature falls out of range for kits or controls (f) Prior to using test kits at remote locations (g) Weekly for non-clinical sites/monthly for clinical sites
			□ Pass □ Fail	□ Pass □ Fail	□ Pass □ Fail	<ul> <li>Pass</li> <li>Fail</li> </ul>	□ Pass □ Fail	□ Pass □ Fail	
			<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	□ Pass □ Fail	□ Pass □ Fail	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	
			<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	□ Pass □ Fail	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	
			<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	□ Pass □ Fail	
			□ Pass □ Fail	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	□ Pass □ Fail	<ul> <li>Pass</li> <li>Fail</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	
			□ Pass □ Fail	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	□ Pass □ Fail	<ul> <li>Pass</li> <li>Fail</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	
			□ Pass □ Fail	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	□ Pass □ Fail	<ul> <li>Pass</li> <li>Fail</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pass</li> <li>Fail</li> </ul>	□ Pass □ Fail	
			□ Pass □ Fail	<ul> <li>Pass</li> <li>Fail</li> </ul>	□ Pass □ Fail	<ul> <li>Pass</li> <li>Fail</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pass</li> <li>Fail</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pass</li> <li>Fail</li> </ul>	
			□ Pass □ Fail	□ Pass □ Fail	□ Pass □ Fail	<ul> <li>Pass</li> <li>Fail</li> </ul>	□ Pass □ Fail	□ Pass □ Fail	
			□ Pass □ Fail	□ Pass □ Fail	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Pass</li> <li>Fail</li> </ul>	□ Pass □ Fail	<ul><li>Pass</li><li>Fail</li></ul>	

(Required) Quality Assurance Coordinator:\_

\_Date:

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Agency ID, Site I <u>D:</u>	Assessment Date:	ıt Date:		
Testing Staff's Name:	Testing Staff's Wor <u>ker ID#:</u>	Vor <u>ker ID#;</u>		
Type of Rapid Test:	Sure Check	ILSNI 🛛	□ SHC	
Procedure Satisfactory	ry   Unsatisfactory	Not Applicable	Comments	
Part 1: Communication and Test Processing with Patients				
Communication to Patient before testing (see protocol)				
Patient Preparation for Test				
Specimen Handling				
Test Processing (see during testing in protocol)				
Communicating Test Results				
Documenting Test Results				
Communicating to Patient after testing (see protocol)				
Disposal of Infectious Waste				
Part 2: Running Controls and Quality Assurance Documentation				
Test Processing with Known Specimens (Controls)				
Interpretation of Control Test Results				
Disposal of Infectious Waste				
Documentation of Control Test Results				
Review of Temperature Control Logs				
Assessment of Problem Solving Skills				

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Evaluator's Title:

Evaluator's Signature:\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_Date:\_\_\_

Attachment 9 (s	submit as	occurs)
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#### **Discordant Test Case Report**

This form is to be completed for ALL testing situations that involve a Preliminary Positive/Reactive rapid HIV test result and an *Indeterminate* or *Negative* lab test result. **Submit to SHHP immediately when a test is recorded as Discordant.** 

## If the Western blot or IFA confirmatory test result is negative or indeterminate, REPEAT a confirmatory test on a new blood specimen collected four (4) weeks after the initial preliminary positive result.

Site Address:	Agency ID, Site I <u>D:</u>
Worker Name <u>:</u>	Worker ID
Telephone #:	E-mail Address:
Client Information	
HIV Test Form #:	
<b>Client ever previously tested?</b>	□ No Client ever tested positive? □ Yes □ No
<b>Contact information obtained?</b>	□ No
Vaccination History:	
Hepatitis A?  Yes  No  Unknown  I	Dose 1 Year:Dose 2 Year:
Hepatitis B? 🗆 Yes 🗆 No 🗆 Unknown I	Dose 1 Year:Dose 2 Year:Dose 3 Year:
Initial Rapid HIV Test Device:	
	us □ Unknown <b>Specimen Type:</b> □ Blood □ Oral Fluid □ Other <b>Lot #:</b> YEAR
Test Start Time: AM/ PM	Test Read Time: AM/ PM
	INSTI   Determine  Sure Check
	No       If yes, Lot #:
Follow-up Blood Test:	
HIV Test Form#:	
MM DD YEA	
-	<b>Result?</b> □Yes □ No If yes, Date Results Received:
If no, why:	

Quality Assurance Coordinator:

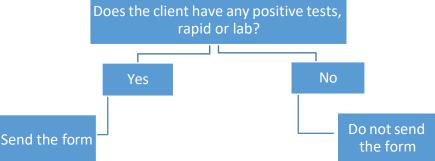
Date:

## **LINCT Form Instructions and FAQ**

HIV/STI Results and Linkage into Care or Treatment (LINCT)

The HIV/STI Results and Linkage into Care or Treatment form, also referred to as the LINCT form, documents confirmatory testing for preliminary STD/HIV positive results and records treatment and linkage to care. The LINCT form should be completed whenever <u>ANY lab-based screening or rapid testing is positive</u>. The form is completed for <u>confirmatory</u> <u>screening/follow up testing AFTER a rapid or lab-based positive result</u>. Do not fill out the form with rapid test results that are already recorded on the Part 1 form. Negative lab based screening results will be obtained from surveillance information. Inconsistencies/missed results will be addressed by your regional coordinator. Linkage into care or treatment are only counted for clients successfully referred or treated.

- If the client receives a POSITIVE lab test screening result, send this form with the result circled and information on referral and/or treatment if applicable.
- If the client receives a POSITIVE rapid test result, and the confirmatory/lab screening test is NEGATIVE, <u>send this form</u> with the confirmatory test result circled information on referral and/or treatment if applicable.
- If the client receives a POSITIVE rapid test result, and the confirmatory/lab screening test is POSITIVE, <u>send this form</u> with the confirmatory test result circled information on referral and/or treatment if applicable.
- If the client receives a NEGATIVE rapid test result, and the confirmatory/lab screening test is NEGATIVE, do <u>not</u> send this form.



## **Section by Section Instructions**

Section 1: Client and counselor information

Date the		
form is		DOB means
		date of birth
Complete this form when the Client First Name:	STI/HIV Results and Linkage to Treatmen ne client receive <mark>s confirmatory testing on a rapid positive</mark> or positive Client Last Name:	
Date:        /           MM         DD         YYYY		D/HIV Test Form-Part 1 below OR clearly write in
Worker/Counselor ID:		

The PRIMARY way we can link this form to the correct client is by the P-number. <u>Please use the sticker or write</u> <u>very clearly.</u>

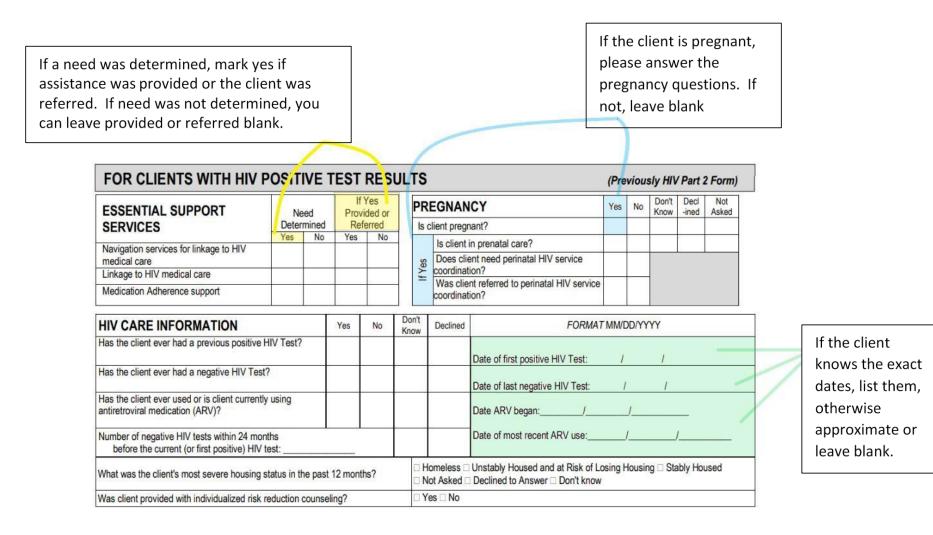
# Section 2: STD/HIV Results and Linkage to Treatment (Previously the STD43 form)

Fill out the appropriate test section for each positive test result the client received. <u>If the client refuses referral or</u> <u>treatment</u>, please only write <u>Refused</u> in the Referral box. \*Counselors/staff/providers should stress the importance of being linked to treatment to all clients.

<b>C</b>	- 0											
If the client was given a LAB- BASED screening test, provide a result. For Rapid+/Rapid+ <u>HIV</u> testing, circle Rapid. All other rapid + is recorded on the part 1 form. Do			Referral information includes the name of the clinic or doctor. Follow up with the clinic or client to ensure treatment was completed.				ow			If the treatm	e standard circle as applicat nent was differen ncluded here, wr	
not record them here.									FOR POSTIVE TEST	RESULTS	·	(Previously STD43 Form)
			Circle Positiv Negati Indete	e=P ve=N		If Referred: Write in referral site. Once follow-up is completed, fill out treatment columns.	Treatn Date MM/DI	ient		rd treatment given or w	vrite in medication ar	
	Chlamydia:	Urine Pharyngeal		N N	l I		1	1	Doxycycline 100mg orally 2x/day for 7 days	Azithromycin 1g orally in a single dose	Levofloxacin 500 mg orally 1x/day for 7 days	Amoxicillin 500 mg orally 3x/day for 7 days
		Anal	Р	Ν	T				Medication		Dose	Duration
	Gonorrhea:	Urine Pharyngeal		N N	I I	-	,	1	Ceftriaxone 500mg IM 1 dose for persons weighing <150 kg (300 lb)	Persons weighing ≥150 kg (300 lb),1 g of IM ceftriaxone	<ul> <li>Gentamicin 240mg</li> <li>IM in 1 dose PLUS</li> <li>Azithromycin 2g</li> <li>orally in 1 dose</li> </ul>	Cefixime 800 mg orally in 1 dose.
		Anal	Р	Ν	Т	]			Medication		Dose	Duration
	Syphilis:	Lab	Р	N	I	□ Serofast <u>, no</u>	1	1	2.4 million units Benzathine Penicillin G (BIC) IM X 1 dose	2.4 million units Benzathine Penicillin G (BIC) IM X 3 doses.	Doxycycline 100 mg orally twice a day for 14 days	Doxycycline 100 mg orally twice a day for 28 days
						treatment needed			Medication		Dose	Duration
<u> </u>	Hepatitis C:	Lab	Р	Ν	Ι	RNA not detected	- 1	1	Treatment:			
I	Hepatitis B:	Lab	Р	Ν	Т		- 1	1	Treatment:			
1	HIV:	Rapid / Lab	Р	Ν	1					COMPLETE BEI		

## Section 3: HIV Positives (Previously the HIV Part 2 form)

Complete this section for people testing positive for HIV. This includes newly diagnosed people, people who have been positive for years, people who have had a rapid positive, and a second rapid test, or a lab based positive



## **Section 4: Mailing instructions**

Attach to Part 1 form and mail to the STD/HIV/Hepatitis Program using double envelope system

Please attach to the Part 1 form and mail to SHHP using a double envelope system:

Testing Department Office of Public Health 1450 Poydras Ave. Ste. 2136 New Orleans, LA 70112

Type of Test	Storage Temp	<b>Operating Temp</b>	Reading Window
Determine Test Kits	36-86	59-86	20-30 mins
Determine Controls	36-46	(asap)	20-30 mins
INSTI Test Kits	59-86	59-86	1-5 mins
INSTI Controls	36-46	59-86	1-5 mins
Syphilis Health Check Test Kits	39-86	68-78	10-15 mins
Syphilis Health Check Controls	35-46	(asap)	10-15 mins
OraQuick HCV Test Kits	36-86	59-99	20-40 mins
OraQuick HCV Controls	36-46	(asap)	20-40 mins
Sure Check Test Kits	46-86	64-86	15-20
Sure Check Controls	46-86	(asap)	15-20